UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN SOUTHERN DIVISION

HARVEY PRESTON,

Case Number 2:23-CV-11608 HONORABLE PAUL D. BORMAN

v.

JOHN DAVIDS,

Respondent.	
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OPINION AND ORDER TRANSFERRING THE CASE TO THE COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE SIXTH CIRCUIT PURSUANT TO 28 U.S.C. § 2244(b)(3)(A)

Harvey Preston, ("Petitioner"), confined at the Ionia Maximum Correctional Facility in Ionia, Michigan, filed a *pro se* petition for a writ of habeas corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254. Petitioner challenges his conviction out of the Oakland County Circuit Court for carjacking, Mich. Comp. Laws § 750.529a, unarmed robbery, Mich. Comp. Laws § 750.530, first-degree home invasion, Mich. Comp. Laws § 750.110a(2), and two counts of second-degree criminal sexual conduct, Mich. Comp. Laws § 750.520c(1)(c).

This Court concludes that the present petition constitutes a "second or successive petition" within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. § 2244(b)(3)(A). The Court transfers the case to the Court of Appeals for the Sixth Circuit so that petitioner may seek permission to file a successive habeas petition.

I.

Petitioner was convicted by a jury in the Oakland County Circuit Court. Petitioner's conviction was affirmed on appeal. *People v. Preston*, No. 298796, 2012 WL 5853223 (Mich. Ct. App. Oct. 30, 2012); *lv. den.* 493 Mich. 969 (2013).

Petitioner filed his first federal habeas corpus petition in this court, which was denied on the merits. *Preston v. Gidley*, No.14-10606, 2017 WL 4572336 (E.D. Mich. Oct. 12, 2017); *app. dism.* No. 17-2389 (6th Cir. Apr. 25, 2018). Petitioner has since been denied permission by the Sixth Circuit Court of Appeals six times to file a successive federal habeas corpus petition. *In re Preston*, No. 18-1847 (6th Cir. Nov. 26, 2018); *In Re Preston*, No. 20-1641 (6th Cir. Dec. 8, 2020); *In Re Preston*, No. 21-1071 (6th Cir. May 12, 2021); *In Re Preston*, No. 21-2620 (6th Cir. Sep. 23, 2021); *In Re Preston*, No. 22-1072 (6th Cir. July 28, 2022); *In Re Preston*, No. 22-1723 (6th Cir. Sept. 28, 2022).

II.

An individual seeking to file a second or successive habeas corpus petition must first ask the appropriate court of appeals for an order authorizing the district court to consider the petition. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 2244(b)(3)(A); *Stewart v. Martinez-Villareal*, 523 U.S. 637, 641 (1998). Congress has vested in the court of appeals a screening function that the district court would have performed otherwise. *Felker v. Turpin*, 518 U.S. 651, 664 (1996). Under the provisions of the Antiterrorism and

Effective Death Penalty Act (AEDPA), a federal district court does not have jurisdiction to entertain a successive post-conviction motion or petition for a writ of habeas corpus in the absence of an order from the court of appeals authorizing the filing of such a successive motion or petition. See Ferrazza v. Tessmer, 36 F. Supp. 2d 965, 971 (E.D. Mich. 1999). When a habeas petitioner files a second or successive petition for habeas corpus relief in the district court without preauthorization from the court of appeals, the district court must transfer the document to the court of appeals. See 28 U.S.C. § 1631 (directing that "[w]henever a civil action is filed in a court ... and that court finds that there is a want of jurisdiction, the court shall, if it is in the interest of justice, transfer such action ... to any other such court in which the action ... could have been brought at the time it was filed"); In re Sims, 111 F.3d 45, 47 (6th Cir. 1997) (holding that "when a prisoner has sought § 2244(b)(3) permission from the district court, or when a second or successive petition for habeas corpus relief or § 2255 motion is filed in the district court without § 2244(b)(3) authorization from this court, the district court shall transfer the document to this court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1631.").

Petitioner previously filed a habeas corpus petition with the federal courts challenging his conviction out of the Oakland County Circuit Court, which was denied on the merits. Petitioner cannot proceed with the issues raised in the present

petition without first obtaining permission to file a second or successive habeas petition from the Sixth Circuit Court of Appeals.

Accordingly, the Clerk of Court is **ORDERED** to transfer the case to the United States Court of Appeals for the Sixth Circuit pursuant to *Sims* and 28 U.S.C. § 1631. *See Galka v. Caruso*, 599 F. Supp. 2d 854, 857 (E.D. Mich. 2009).

s/Paul D. Borman
PAUL D. BORMAN
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

DATED: July 19, 2023